

The Ministry of Health has been implementing the Maternal Death Surveillance System since 2009. The mechanism for reporting deaths of women aged 15-49 years, established in 2009, was strengthened in 2015 by the joint signature of the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of the Interior of a circular calling on local communities (through registry offices and municipal / municipal hygiene offices) to report any deaths of women between the ages of 15 and 49 to the provincial authorities of the Ministry of Health by transmitting to them (on a monthly basis) the information relating to the identity of the deceased woman, her address, date and place of death. The SDMR focuses on the link between information and response. Contributes to strengthening registries and better recording maternal deaths, as well as providing better information to intervene and monitor progress in maternal health. In Morocco 25% of deaths of women of reproductive age are underreported in hospitals.

Our study consists of identifying and reporting deaths of women aged 15-49 through the Maternal Death Surveillance System in Hay Hassani Prefecture. The aim is to analyze the process and results of the identification and notification of deaths of women aged 15-49 in the prefecture. The methodological approach used consists in the realization of a retrospective study of the registers of the deaths of women and maternal deaths as well as a qualitative study in the process of collection at the level of the prefecture

The results showed that there is a notification and identification of deaths of women of reproductive age of 15-49 years in the prefecture but a discrepancy between the data existing in the public structures of the prefecture. From 2015-2018 no maternal deaths were identified at the Municipal Board of Health and Vital Statistics. From 2015-2016 at the delegation level no FAR deaths were reported or maternal deaths identified, however, in 2018, only 1 maternal death identified

The recommendations proposed by our study are: better information and awareness of program managers on reporting all deaths of women aged 15-49 to local authorities (Registry Office). Provide training for all health professionals and managers involved in SSDMR. Increase the number of personnel (BMH, STATE Civil, and SRES). Ensuring feedback between incoming and outgoing officials